

## Lecture 16

### Manipulating spins

TDSE for electron spin in a constant magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}_0 = (0, 0, B_0)$   
and a rotating field  $\mathbf{B}_1 = (B_1 \cos \omega t, B_1 \sin \omega t, 0)$

$$i \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{eg\hbar}{4m} \begin{pmatrix} B_0 & B_1 e^{-i\omega t} \\ B_1 e^{i\omega t} & -B_0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- does not separate

Use fact that for  $B_1 = 0$  spin precesses around  $z$  axis at rate  $2\omega_0$   
where  $\omega_0 = egB_0/4m$

Write  $c_1(t) = a_1(t) e^{-i\omega_0 t}$ ,  $c_2(t) = a_2(t) e^{i\omega_0 t}$

where  $a_{1,2}(t)$  describe additional time dependence produced by  $B_1$

TDSE becomes

$$i \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{eg\hbar}{4m} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & B_1 e^{i(2\omega_0 - \omega)t} \\ B_1 e^{-i(2\omega_0 - \omega)t} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Resonance condition:  $\omega = 2\omega_0$

- field  $B_1$  rotates at same rate as spin
  - looks like constant field along rotating  $x'$  axis
- spin precesses around  $x'$  axis at rate  $2\omega_1$  where  $\omega_1 = egB_1/4m$   
(electron oscillates between spin-up and spin-down)