

LECTURE 12

Convolution

$$F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_1(x-x') f_2(x') dx'$$

true image

smearing effect

Fourier transform: product of transforms

$$G(k) = 2\pi g_1(k) g_2(k)$$

Dirac δ -function

$$\delta(x) = 0 \quad \text{for } x \neq 0$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(x) dx = 1$$

infinitely narrow,
infinite "spike"

Fourier transform: plane wave

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ikx} \delta(x-x_0) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} e^{-ikx_0}$$